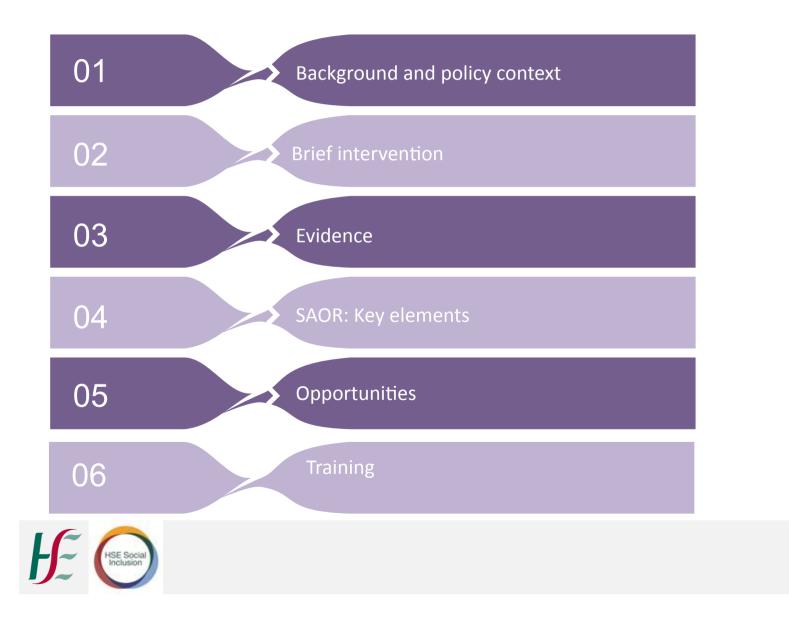
SAOR Screening and Brief Intervention for Problem Alcohol and Substance Use

Nicola Corrigan HSE National Social Inclusion Office Ireland





Overview...





Background and policy context





Background to the National Screening and Brief Intervention (SBI) Project

- Mapped alcohol related interventions in all acute hospitals nationally;
- Consulted with HSE staff nationally;
- Collated an evidence base for the implementation of SBI across the HSE;
- Conducted a SBI feasibility study in the ED

(Armstrong, R and Barry, J "Towards a framework for implementing evidence based alcohol interventions" IMJ, 2014, Vol .107 No.2)





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	Waterford R.H Total number screened = 381	Letterkenny G.H Total number screened =337	Naas G.H Total number screened = 170	Cork U.H Total number screened = 56*	Total = 944
No further intervention	46%	60%	41%	19%	49%
intervention	(n=177)	(n=202)	(n=70)	(n=11)	(n=460)
Brief advice	41%	30%	33%	56%	36%
	(n=157)	(n=101)	(n=56)	(n=31)	(n=345)
Referral to	11%	3.5%	12.5%	16%	9%
specialist services	(n=41)	(n=12)	(n=21)	(n=9)	(n=83)
Declined to	2%	6.5%	13.5%	9%	6%
take part	(N=6)	(n=22)	(n=23)	(n=5)	(n=56)









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James OfShee, Paul Golf and Ruth Americang











Brief Intervention



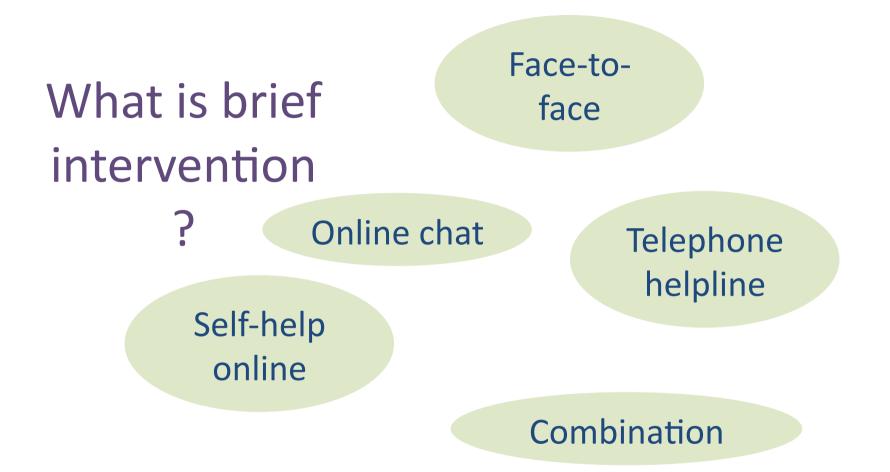


What is brief intervention ?

Nonhealthcare settings 5 – 25 mins A short, structured and helpful conversation about alcohol and/or drugs











A brief intervention is that which

- Is delivered with the aim of preventing substance use, delaying initiation of substance use, reducing risk of harmful use
- May include MI or other therapeutic approaches
- Does not provide a long-term treatment programme
- Does not necessarily target people who are dependent but can be used when the nature and extent of dug use is still unclear
- Is an early intervention which may lead to referral to treatment

EMCDDA (2017) Technical report: Implementation of drug alcohol and tobacco related interventions



SAOR

Provides the structure to have a face-to-face conversation





Evidence





Is Screening and Brief Intervention effective?

- Over 30 years of research examining impact of SBI in primary care and (more recently) other settings
- 24 systematic reviews covering at least 56 high quality studies in Primary Care alone (O'Donnell et al 2014)



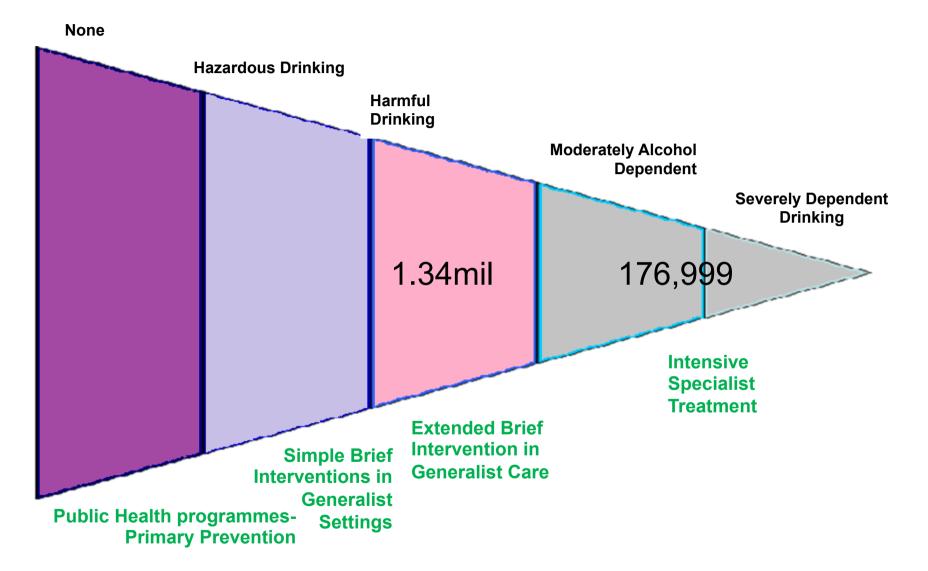


- BI for drug use is effective in a variety of medical settings (Madras et al 2009)
- Effectiveness of a single clinician delivered BI to reduce alcohol and drug use
- Opiate-dependent methadone maintained people
- Reduction in substance use within a methadone maintained opiate-dependent cohort
- Effect sustained at 3-month follow up (Assist project)





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SAOR: key elements













SAOR

Supports

- Builds up trust
- Helps person to open up & talk

Asks & Assesses

- Gets a description of the drinking
- Gauges readiness to change

Offers Assistance

- Gives information on menu of choices
- Agrees next step

Refers

- Gets help for person
- Links them with the right supports





Opportunities





What do we know?

Harm caused by binge use/excessive use on an occasion Drug and alcohol use in nightlife settings viewed as 'the norm'

Wider range of substances, unknown

EMCDDA (2017) Health and social responses to drug problems





Good practice

Coordinated multicomponent interventions Training – high turnover staff

Drug-checking services Harm reduction materials (in conjunction with other interventions)

EMCDDA (2017) Health and social responses to drug problems







Where can we use SAOR BI?

During drugtesting process

A&E

Police interactions

General healthcare settings





Training











Upon completing the 1 day course participants should be able to...

Apply the theory from the SAOR online module to their practice

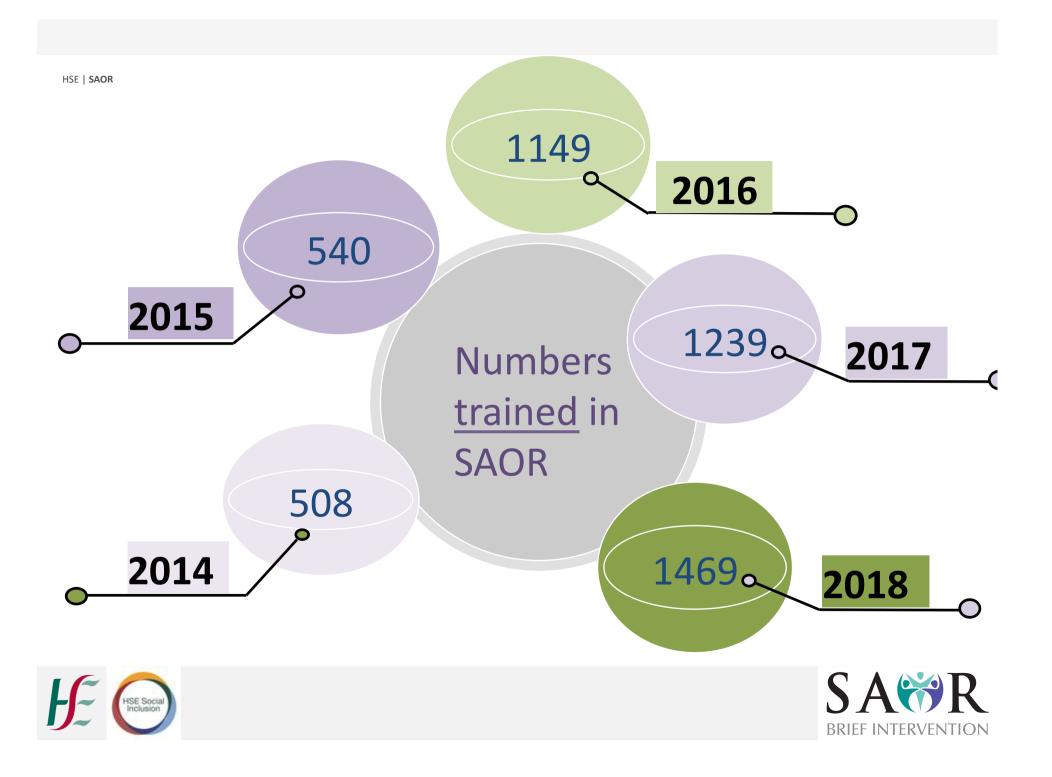
Identify opportunities to conduct a brief intervention

Demonstrate appropriate brief intervention skills using the SAOR model

Identify appropriate alcohol and other drugs care pathways











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https://www.hse.ie/ eng/about/who/ primarycare/ socialinclusion/







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